



Diabetes care pharmacy catalog

Easier injections from start to finish^{1*}



Patient-preferred
BD Nano™ 2nd Gen
Pen Needles^{1*}



Not all 4mm pen needles are the same.
BD Nano™ 2nd Gen features a 4mm x 32G BD Ultra-Fine™ Pen Needle.

Patented features include:^{1,2*†}



Wide outer cover –
easier to attach to pen device



Large, green, inner needle shield –
easier to grip and remove before an injection



Comfortable, contoured needle base - helps patients
hold the pen against their skin, without wobbling,
while providing a more reliable injection

Existing proven benefits of PentaPoint™ Comfort and EasyFlow™ Technology^{3,4‡§}

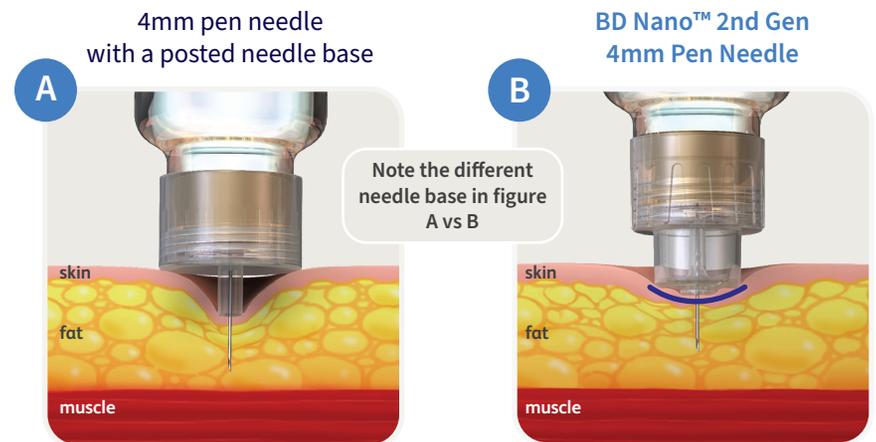
Compatible with widely used pen injection devices⁵

Covered by most health plans at the preferred co-pay,
including Medicare Part D[¶]

Not all patients inject the same.
Some may apply excessive force, which
can increase the risk of injecting deeper
than intended, increasing the risk of
intramuscular (IM) injections.^{2¶¶}

How is it affecting their glycemic control?
Are your patients experiencing unexplained hypoglycemia?

Comparing two injections
with different needle bases using the same force



Some 4mm pen needles with
a posted needle base have been
shown to frequently inject deeper
than 4mm – even beyond 6mm
– depending on the amount of
pressure used to inject.^{2#}

Contoured needle base -
provides greater comfort and
compensates for injection
force variability, supporting
more reliable subcutaneous
injections.^{1,2*†}

BD Nano™ 2nd Gen Pen Needles can help patients
inject with more comfort and confidence^{1*}

^{*}226 patients with diabetes on insulin treatment were studied with a 150 mm visual analog scale (mean scores of >0 mm; clinically significant difference of ≥5 mm). BD Nano™ 2nd Gen demonstrated superiority vs. all comparator groups combined for overall ease of use [(P < 0.05) (Mean 19.9 mm, 95% CI, +13.8 to +25.9 mm)]; overall preference [(P < 0.05) (Mean +17.5 mm, 95% CI, +10.3 to +24.7 mm)]; ease of attachment [(P < 0.05) (Mean +21.8 mm, 95% CI, +16.1 to +27.6 mm)]; ease of grip and removal of the inner shield [grip (P < 0.05) (Mean +23.8 mm, 95% CI, +18.1 to +29.4 mm)]; [removal (P < 0.05) (Mean +24.4 mm, 95% CI, +18.9 to +29.9 mm)]; overall ability to hold pen securely against the skin without wobbling. [(P < 0.05) (Mean 17.0 mm, 95% CI, +11.3 to +22.6 mm)]; feeling more comfortable throughout injection experience [(P < 0.05) (Mean +18.0 mm, 95% CI, +11.6 to +24.3 mm)]. †1188 injections administered in swine across a range of injection forces using 20 µl of iodinated contrast delivered with BD Nano™ 2nd Gen vs. three 4mm posted-hub pen needles. Measurements were obtained via fluoroscopic imaging. BD Nano™ 2nd Gen more closely achieved the 4 mm target injection depth with less variability (P = 0.006). ‡86 insulin-taking patients with diabetes were included in this prospective, three-part, two-center study to evaluate differences between 5-bevel and 3-bevel pen needle tips across pen needles (PN) of equal length and gauge. The 5-bevel PN would be considered more comfortable if the 95% lower bound for the percentage of users who preferred the 5-bevel PN was greater than the 95% upper bound where subjects preferred the 3-bevel PN. After home use and after subjects were unblinded, the 5-bevel PN was selected more often than the corresponding 3-bevel PN for greater comfort, (61.9% vs 8.3%; p < 0.01) and (p = 0.01), respectively. §198 patients with diabetes were included in this prospective, multicenter, randomized, open-label, 2-period, crossover study to evaluate differences in perceived thumb force and in confidence that the full dose of insulin was delivered, between the participants' usual pen needle (PN) and the corresponding extra-thin wall (XTW) pen needle while using a manually-operated insulin pen. Both outcomes were considered statistically significant if the 95% confidence interval (CI) for the mean VAS score was either positive (XTW preferred) or negative (current PN preferred). Significant differences favoring XTW pen needles were seen for perceived thumb force and confidence that the full dose was delivered by 28.4 mm (95% CI, 23.7-33.2), and 24.4 mm (95% CI, 19.7 – 29.1), respectively; (all, P < 0.001). ¶Co-pays and preferred status vary by plan. ¶Estimated to reduce intramuscular (IM) injection risk by 2-8x -- the study used in-silico probability model of needle penetration depth for posted-hub 4mm pen needles and average human tissue thickness measurements across a range of injection forces and recommended sites, pooled across gender and BMI. #Needle penetration depth (NPD), representing in vivo needle tip depth in subcutaneous tissue, following administration of iodinated contrast from four 32 G x 4mm pen needle devices (BD Nano™ 2nd Gen and three commercial posted-hub pen needle devices) was measured by fluoroscopic imaging of the resulting depot. BD Nano™ 2nd Gen more closely achieved the 4 mm target NPD with significantly less variability (P = 0.006) across a range of applied injection forces.

Consider introducing your patients to BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ 6mm needle

BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes are preferred by most patients over insulin syringes with longer needles.^{6*}

- The shortest BD insulin syringe needle – meets clinical recommendations⁷
- 6mm x 31G needle
- Bold scale markings
- 3-bevel BD Ultra-Fine™ needle

ADA supports the use of shorter needles (e.g., 6mm needle insulin syringes) as effective and well tolerated when compared with longer needles, including adults with obesity.⁷



Covered by most health plans at the preferred co-pay, including Medicare Part D[†]

⁶*120 participants with diabetes completed a 30 minute interview. 60% of the participants interviewed preferred the 6 mm syringe needle over their current 8 mm or 12.7 mm syringe needle.
[†]Co-pays and preferred status vary by plan.

BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes are available in multiple barrel capacities and scale combinations to customize dosing⁸

The following chart shows how many units of U-100 insulin each barrel size can hold.

- Consider selecting a barrel size that can hold 5 units larger than the patient's largest prescribed insulin dose

Know the difference: A half-unit increment scale is different than a 1/2mL insulin syringe

| Units of U-100 insulin | Insulin syringe barrel size |
|------------------------|---|
| Up to 30 units | 3/10 mL (Half-unit increment scale) or 3/10 mL (one-unit increment scale) |
| Up to 50 units | 1/2 mL (one-unit increment scale) |
| Up to 100 units | 1 mL (two-unit increment scale) |



Injection technique matters – Counsel your patients on key aspects of proper injection technique

In the Misnikova study, when patients with diabetes on insulin received **structured injection technique training**, (including changing to a 4mm or 5mm pen needle), **A1c was reduced by 1.0% at 6 months.**^{9*}

Key aspects of proper injection technique include:

- 1 Using a new needle for each injection**
Pen needles and insulin syringe needles should be used only once and are no longer sterile after use.¹⁰
- 2 Proper injection site rotation**
Injection site rotation can help reduce lipohypertrophy or “lipo”⁷ (read more about lipo on page 12)
- 3 Injecting with shorter needles**
(e.g. 4mm pen needles and 6mm needle insulin syringes)⁷
- 4 Needle insertion technique**
The length of pen needle or insulin syringe needle used, as well as patient-specific factors, will determine if a skin pinch-up is needed or not

Learn more about how you can teach patients these key components of proper injection technique on the next few pages



Pharmacists agree:

The embecta Patient Counseling Toolbox with free samples is **extremely helpful/useful** in educating their patients to help improve their satisfaction and adherence to their prescribed diabetes injection therapy.



To receive your complimentary patient counseling toolbox, go to: go.embecta.com/pharmacypartner

Needle reuse and incorrect injection site rotation are associated with the development of lipo.^{11*}

As part of their injection routine, remind patients to use a new needle for each injection and rotate injection sites.

1 Remind your patients to use a new needle every time they inject



Use a new needle

Pen needles and insulin syringe needles should be used only once and are no longer sterile after that.¹⁰

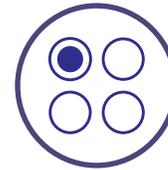
Re-using the same needle has been associated with injection pain and increased risk of developing lipo.^{11†}

You can help your patients by making sure they have enough needles to use a new needle for each injection. Each time you dispense an injectable diabetes medication, ask your patient if they need an additional supply of needles.

Patients should always safely dispose of their needles

- After use, needles should be disposed of immediately. Pen needles should not be left attached to the pen.¹⁰
- Needles should be disposed of in a sharps container or other approved disposal device in accordance with local ordinances.
- For information regarding safe sharps disposal in your area, visit safeneedledisposal.org

2 Encourage your patients to rotate injection sites

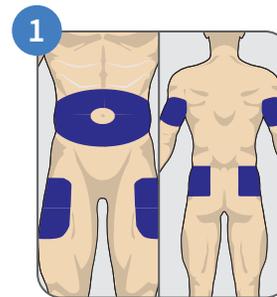


Rotate injection sites

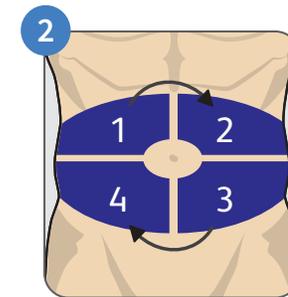
Injection site rotation is critically important and can help reduce the risk of developing lipo.^{7,10}

- Injections within a site should be spaced by approximately one finger-breadth apart, and a single injection site should be not be used more than once every four weeks.¹⁰
- Recommended sites for injection are the abdomen, thigh, buttock and upper arm.¹⁰

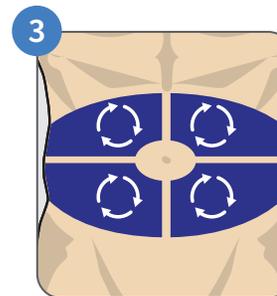
Steps for proper site rotation:



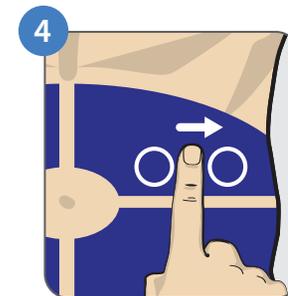
1 Choose an area.



2 Divide that area into four sections.



3 Select a section to start injecting. Use one section per week.



4 Within that section, inject one finger width away from your last injection.

Almost one-third of patients do not rotate injection sites correctly.¹²

Do you have patients with "lumps and bumps" near their injection sites? You can help by teaching patients how to rotate injection sites and why it's important.

*13,289 insulin-injecting patients from 423 centers in 42 countries participated in a survey. Incorrect injection site rotation, years taking insulin, and pen needle reuse were associated with lipohypertrophy. [(All significant at P<0.05)]

†A causal relationship has not been established. 13,289 insulin-injecting patients participated in a survey. Increased injection pain and needle reuse were assessed through a questionnaire and lipohypertrophy was assessed through a questionnaire and HCP assessment using visual and palpitation method. Logistic regression analysis was used to find the association between pen needle reuse and LH (P=.02). Pain was associated with needle reuse as higher rates of injection pain were observed the more times a needle was reused (P<.001)

Join the movement...

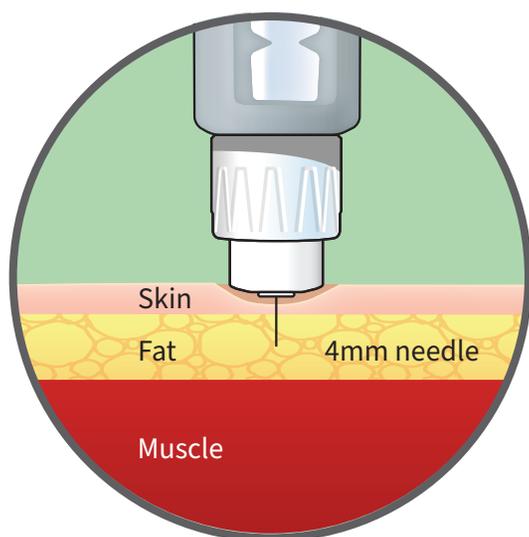
3 Consider recommending shorter needles for your patients



Use a shorter needle

ADA supports the use of shorter needles (e.g., 4mm pen needles and 6mm needle insulin syringes) as effective and well tolerated when compared with longer needles, including adults with obesity.⁷

- ✓ **BD Nano™ 2nd Gen 4mm Pen Needle** is the shortest BD pen needle
- ✓ **BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ 6mm needle** is the shortest BD insulin syringe



- Insulin should be injected into subcutaneous tissue not intramuscularly.⁷
- Shorter needles may lower the risk of inadvertent intramuscular (IM) injection*, which is associated with frequent and unexplained hypoglycemia.^{7*}

You can help your patients by dispensing clinically recommended needle lengths (i.e. 4mm pen needles and 6mm needle insulin syringes).

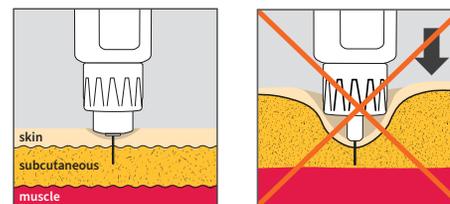
* Compared to longer needles.

4 Counsel patients on needle insertion technique based on needle length

When injecting with 4mm or 5mm needles:

No pinch-up is required for most patients^{10*}

Inject at 90-degrees (*straight in*) to the skin



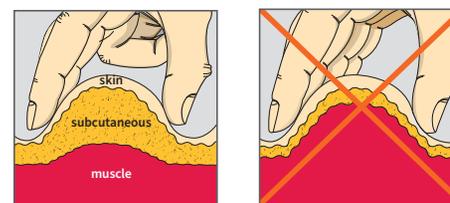
Explain to patients the importance of proper **needle insertion force technique**:¹⁰

A correct no pinch-up technique requires light pressure when inserting the needle into the skin, just touching the pen needle base to the skin.

When injecting with 6mm needles or longer:

Pinch-up injection technique is recommended¹³

Inject at 90-degrees (*straight in*) to the pinch-up



To do a pinch-up, patients should loosely pinch about 1 inch of skin and fat tissue, using the thumb and the index finger (and possibly adding the middle finger). If the skin is lifted using the whole hand, muscle may be lifted as well as subcutaneous tissue, which can lead to IM injections.¹⁰

The pinch-up should be held until the injection is complete and the needle has been removed from the skin.¹³

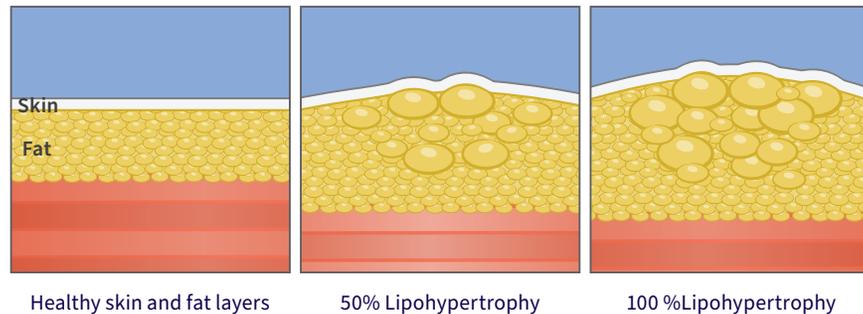
You can help your patients by teaching them if a pinch-up is needed or not based on the length of the needle used to inject.*

* Patients ≤ 6 years old and very thin adults may require a pinch-up: with a 4mm and 5mm needle

What is Lipohypertrophy (*lipo*)?

Lipohypertrophy (or "lipo") is a common complication of diabetes injections and appears as soft, smooth raised areas of subcutaneous fat several centimeters in breadth.⁷

Insulin injections into areas of lipo can result in erratic insulin absorption, increased glycemic variability, and unexplained hypoglycemic episodes.⁷

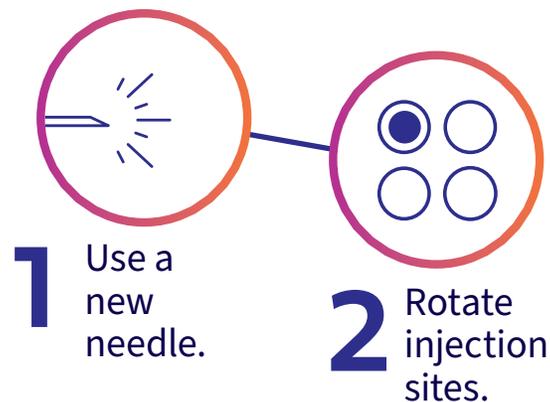


A UK study found that when patients with lipo practice proper injection technique, their lipo shrunk by approximately 50% of its original diameter or disappeared in just 3-6 months.^{14*}

Three independent risk factors associated with the development of lipo:^{1†}

1. Longer duration of insulin therapy
2. Incorrect injection site rotation
3. Needle reuse

With every injection, remind patients to:⁹



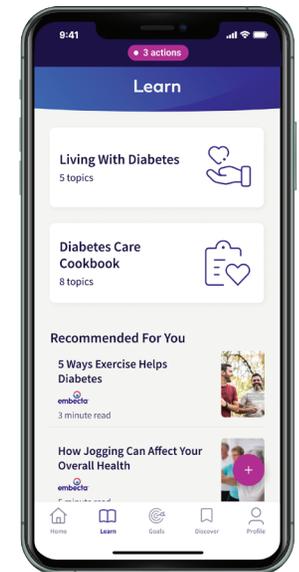
*75 insulin-injecting patients with diabetes were included in this prospective study to assess the impact of a target lipohypertrophy intervention on a range of biological, clinical, and socio-economic parameters. The amount of lipohypertrophy that decreased at the end of 3-6 months was based on non-blinded HCP assessment using visual and palpation methods. All differences at the end compared to the beginning of the study were significant at $p < 0.01$. †13,289 insulin-injecting patients from 423 centers in 42 countries participated in a survey. Incorrect injection site rotation, years taking insulin, and pen needle reuse were associated with lipohypertrophy. [(All significant at $P < 0.05$)].

You can connect your patients to trusted diabetes resources anytime, anywhere with the **embassador™ Companion 24/7 App**

The **embassador™ Companion 24/7 App** can be your partner in educating patients with diabetes. The **embassador™ Companion 24/7 App** was designed to support patients living with diabetes, especially in between their healthcare provider visits. It can reinforce and supplement what your patients learn at the pharmacy by connecting them to valuable, trusted diabetes resources anytime, anywhere.

Some features of the **embassador™ App** include:

- **Personalized content** with 24/7 access to patient questions
- **Injection training** best practices via video and pictorial steps
- **Help in navigating** common health insurance questions
- **Nutritional information** and access to CalorieKing – over 65,000 different foods
- **Data logging** (i.e. physical activity, blood glucose and insulin dose data)
- **Integration** with Apple® Health, Google™ Fit and Accu-Chek® Guide



The **embassador™ App** is the only diabetes self-management app whose content has been Favorably Reviewed by the Association of Diabetes Care & Education Specialists



Talk to your patients about downloading **embassador™ App**



Use your smart phone camera to hover over the QR code.

Experience the difference of the **Easy Dispensing Packaging System**

Finding the right pen needles or insulin syringes on your own shelves doesn't have to be complicated. The Easy Dispensing Packaging System can help make finding the right product easy for pharmacy staff.

Take the time to organize your inventory using the Easy Dispensing Packaging System and experience the difference.



BD Ultra-Fine™ Pen Needles



BD Nano™ 2nd Gen Pen Needles
4 mm x 32G, 100 ct. box

Clinically recommended needle length

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 320550 | 08290-3205-50 |



BD Nano™ Ultra-Fine™ Pen Needles
4 mm x 32G, 100 ct. box

Clinically recommended needle length

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 320122 | 08290-3201-22 |



BD Ultra-Fine™ Mini Pen Needles
5 mm x 31G, 100 ct. box

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 320119 | 08290-3201-19 |



BD Ultra-Fine™ Micro Pen Needles
6 mm x 32G, 100 ct. box

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 320749 | 08290-3207-49 |



BD Ultra-Fine™ Short Pen Needles
8 mm x 31G

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 320109 | 08290-3201-09 |



BD Ultra-Fine™ Original Pen Needles
12.7 mm x 29G, 100 ct. box

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 328203 | 08290-3282-03 |



BD AutoShield Duo™ Safety Pen Needles
5 mm x 30G with dual-ended needle protection

Clinically recommended needle length

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 329515 | 08290-3295-15 |

BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle



BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ 6mm needle
6 mm x 31G, 100 ct. box (10 x 10 count polybag)

Clinically recommended needle length

| Capacity | Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 mL (100 units) | 324912 | 08290-3249-12 |
| 1/2 mL (50 units) | 324911 | 08290-3249-11 |
| 3/10 mL (30 units) | 324909 | 08290-3249-09 |
| 3/10 mL (30 units); Half-unit scale | 324910 | 08290-3249-10 |



BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ 8mm needle
8 mm x 31G, 100 ct. box (10 x 10 count polybag)

| Capacity | Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 mL (100 units) | 328418 | 08290-3284-18 |
| 1/2 mL (50 units) | 328468 | 08290-3284-68 |
| 3/10 mL (30 units) | 328438 | 08290-3284-38 |
| 3/10 mL (30 units); Half-unit scale | 328440 | 08290-3284-40 |



BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ 12.7mm needle
12.7 mm x 30G, 100 ct. box (10 x 10 count polybag)

| Capacity | Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 mL (100 units) | 328411 | 08290-3284-11 |
| 1/2 mL (50 units) | 328466 | 08290-3284-66 |
| 3/10 mL (30 units) | 328431 | 08290-3284-31 |



BD™ U-500 Insulin Syringes
6 mm x 31G, 100 ct. box, individually wrapped

Clinically recommended needle length

| Capacity | Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1/2 mL (250 units) | 326730 | 08290-3267-30 |

BD Immunization Syringes

BD Integra™ 3 mL Syringe with Detachable Needle



| Needle Length | Catalog # |
|----------------|-----------|
| 25 G x 5/8 in. | 305269 |
| 25 G x 1 in. | 305270 |
| 23 G x 1 in. | 305271 |
| 22 G x 1.5 in. | 305272 |

BD Eclipse™ Needle



| Needle Length | Catalog # |
|---------------|-----------|
| 25 G x 1 in. | 305761 |
| 25G x 5/8 in. | 305759 |
| 23G x 1 in. | 305762 |
| 22G x 1.5 in. | 305763 |



BD SafetyGlide™ Needle

| Needle Length | Catalog # |
|----------------|-----------|
| 25 G x 5/8 in. | 305901 |
| 25 G x 1 in. | 305916 |
| 23G x 1 in. | 305902 |
| 22G x 1.5 in. | 305900 |

BD TB Syringes

BD SafetyGlide™ 1 mL Tuberculin with Permanently Attached Needle



| Needle Length | Catalog # |
|----------------|-----------|
| 27 G x 1/2 in. | 305945 |
| 26 G x 3/8 in. | 305946 |

BD Allergy Syringe



1 mL

| Needle Length | Catalog # |
|----------------|-----------|
| 28 G x 1/2 in. | 305500 |

BD needles and syringes are:

- Non-Toxic, Non-Pyrogenic
- Not made with natural rubber latex
- Sterile and intended for single use

*Emergency Use Authorization information for the BD Veritor™ SARS-CoV-2 and SARS-CoV-2 & Flu A+B assays:
 • These products have not been FDA cleared or approved; but have been authorized by FDA under EUA for use by authorized laboratories. • The BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of SARS-CoV-2 has been authorized only for the detection of proteins from SARS-CoV-2, not for any other viruses or pathogens; the BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of SARS-CoV-2 & Flu A+B has been authorized only for the detection of proteins from SARS-CoV-2, influenza A and influenza B, not for any other viruses or pathogens; and • The emergency use of these products is only authorized for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the authorization of emergency use of in vitro diagnostics for detection and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 under Section 564(b)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b) (1), unless the declaration is terminated or authorization is revoked sooner.

BD Veritor™ Plus System



BD Veritor™ Plus Analyzer

| Catalog # |
|-----------|
| 256066 |



BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (30 tests per kit)

| Catalog # |
|-----------|
| 256045 |



BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Group A Strep (30 tests per kit)

| Catalog # |
|-----------|
| 256040 |



BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of SARS-CoV-2 (30 tests per kit)

| Catalog # |
|-----------|
| 256082 |



BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of RSV (30 tests per kit)

| Catalog # |
|-----------|
| 256038 |



BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of SARS-CoV-2 & Flu A+B (30 tests per kit)

| Catalog # |
|-----------|
| 256088 |

BD Sharps Disposal



BD Home Sharps Container

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 323487 | 08290-3234-87 |



BD Sharps Disposal by Mail Includes postage-paid mailing box

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 323488 | 08290-3234-88 |



BD Safe-Clip™ Needle Clipping and Storage Device

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 328235 | 08290-3282-35 |

BD Accessories



BD™ Alcohol Swabs 100 ct. box

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 326895 | 08290-3268-95 |



BD Microtainer Contact-Activated Lancet 1.5 mm x 30G

| Catalog # | NDC/HRI # |
|-----------|---------------|
| 366592 | 08290-3665-92 |

embecta product reorder numbers

| Product | BD Catalog # | NDC/HRI # | AB item # | | Cardinal Health # | McKesson Item # | Dakota Drug Item # | Morris and Dickson Item # | Mutual Drug Item # | Smith Drug Item # | Value Drug Item # |
|--|--------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | 6-digit | 8-digit | | | | | | | |
| BD Ultra-Fine™ Pen Needles | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD Nano™ 2nd Gen 4 mm x 32G | 320550 | 08290-3205-50 | 878074 | 10225382 | 5536545 | 3959236 | 413831 | 690172 | 347-807 | 888560 | 214480 |
| BD Nano™ Ultra-Fine™ 4 mm x 32G | 320122 | 08290-3201-22 | 045948 | 10005173 | 4292272 | 2404671 | 765701 | 068056 | 782-177 | 63-5102 | 543389 |
| BD Ultra-Fine™ Mini 5 mm x 31G | 320119 | 08290-3201-19 | 356978 | 10024308 | 3335395 | 2426591 | 045302 | 416636 | 294033 | 16-7759 | 152587 |
| BD Ultra-Fine™ Micro 6 mm x 32G | 320749 | 08290-3207-49 | 678680 | 10179009 | 5392162 | 3687084 | 365726 | 100115 | 274431 | 824870 | 181152 |
| BD Ultra-Fine™ Short 8 mm x 31G | 320109 | 08290-3201-09 | 422089 | 10028059 | 2760312 | 1866359 | 006106 | 173252 | 824375 | 19-1411 | 959478 |
| BD Ultra-Fine™ Original 12.7 mm x 29G | 328203 | 08290-3282-03 | 810143 | 10051995 | 2487213 | 1639459 | 095638 | 251926 | 708099 | 10-6781 | 879171 |
| BD AutoShield Duo™ Pen Needle 5 mm x 30G (with dual-ended safety features) | 329515 | 08290-3295-15 | 144584 | 10101253 | 4563987 | 2157642 | 074948 | 200311 | 898-262 | 668525 | 203016 |
| BD* Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 6 mm x 31G; 1 mL | 324912 | 08290-3249-12 | 164835 | 10103960 | 4570305 | 1248905 | 968149 | 287185 | 898884 | 58-1645 | 927939 |
| BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 6 mm x 31G; 1/2 mL | 324911 | 08290-3249-11 | 164830 | 10103919 | 4570289 | 1249002 | 968222 | 282425 | 897983 | 58-1652 | 927996 |
| BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 6 mm x 31G; 3/10 mL | 324909 | 08290-3249-09 | 164828 | 10103918 | 4569679 | 1249010 | 968388 | 287532 | 897918 | 58-1660 | 928101 |
| BD Veo™ Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 6 mm x 31G; 3/10 mL Half-unit scale | 324910 | 08290-3249-10 | 164822 | 10103917 | 4570271 | 1249028 | 968305 | 287607 | 897975 | 58-1678 | 928085 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 8 mm x 31G; 1 mL | 328418 | 08290-3284-18 | 910378 | 10056593 | 2561066 | 1445683 | 426684 | 253344 | 746495 | 13-8479 | 908152 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 8 mm x 31G; 1/2 mL | 328468 | 08290-3284-68 | 910238 | 10056579 | 2487239 | 1633445 | 181685 | 258111 | 701623 | 10-7649 | 878215 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 8 mm x 31G; 3/10 mL | 328438 | 08290-3284-38 | 910289 | 10056583 | 2487247 | 1633023 | 181735 | 572131 | 701599 | 10-7847 | 878223 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 8 mm x 31G; 3/10 mL Half-unit scale | 328440 | 08290-3284-40 | 910291 | 10056584 | 3383056 | 1624188 | 201483 | 442251 | 333575 | 41-2288 | 207498 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 12.7 mm x 30G; 1 mL | 328411 | 08290-3284-11 | 910303 | 10056586 | 1860949 | 2183739 | 144931 | 254136 | 287706 | 35-8747 | 693929 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 12.7 mm x 30G; 1/2 mL | 328466 | 08290-3284-66 | 910214 | 10056578 | 1860956 | 2184034 | 144949 | 254144 | 287714 | 35-8754 | 693911 |
| BD Insulin Syringes with BD Ultra-Fine™ needle 12.7 mm x 30G; 3/10 mL | 328431 | 08290-3284-31 | 910277 | 10056582 | 1860964 | 2184331 | 144956 | 254151 | 287722 | 35-8762 | 693903 |
| BD™ U-500 Insulin Syringes 6 mm x 31G; 1/2 mL | 326730 | 08290-3267-30 | 580936 | 10170043 | 5301874 | 3591104 | 263566 | 849521 | 235853 | 796821 | 163763 |
| BD sharps disposal | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD™ Home Sharps Container | 323487 | 08290-3234-87 | 228783 | 10017869 | 2295285 | 1711506 | 055871 | 254748 | 589358 | 43-0371 | 624049 |
| BD™ Sharps Disposal by Mail, 1.4 Quart | 323488 | 08290-3234-88 | 791900 | 10051292 | 3503067 | 1482710 | - | 519512 | - | - | - |
| BD Safe-Clip™ Needle Clipping and Storage Device | 328235 | 08290-3282-35 | 283796 | 10020376 | 1153790 | 1153915 | 116749 | 253377 | 705541 | 26-9290 | 480079 |
| BD accessories | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD™ Alcohol Swabs; 100 count | 326895 | 08290-3268-95 | 284745 | 10020452 | 1237551 | 1165133 | 019554 | 252007 | 022160 | 06-8841 | 300673 |
| BD Microtainer® Contact-Activated Lancet 1.5 mm x 30G | 366592 | 08290-3665-92 | 803148 | 10051729 | 4209383 | 1341957 | - | 962324 | - | - | - |
| BD immunization syringes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD Integra™ 3 mL Syringe with Detachable 25 G x 5/8 in. Needle | 305269 | - | 694164 | 10045383 | 3525243 | 1328681 | 005868 | 515718 | 447755 | 34-5959 | - |
| BD Integra™ 3 mL Syringe with Detachable 25 G x 1 in. Needle | 305270 | - | 754352 | 10048564 | 3525250 | 1328707 | 585232 | 548958 | 447748 | 34-9258 | - |
| BD Eclipse™ 25 G x 1 in. Needle | 305761 | - | 474736 | 10158676 | 3395001 | 2271708 | - | - | - | - | - |
| BD SafetyGlide™ 25 G x 5/8 in. Needle | 305901 | - | 086417 | 10009952 | 2809515 | 2746774 | 028555 | 405373 | - | 13-0914 | - |
| BD SafetyGlide™ 25 G x 1 in. Needle | 305916 | - | 123063 | 10012582 | 3296852 | 1967223 | 030015 | - | - | - | - |
| BD tuberculin and allergy syringes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD SafetyGlide™ 1 mL Tuberculin Syringe with 27 G x 1/2 in. Permanently Attached Needle TNT | 305945 | - | 086443 | 10009956 | 3072790 | 2473684 | - | 618025 | - | 35-8432 | - |
| BD SafetyGlide™ 1 mL Tuberculin Syringe with 26 G x 3/8 in. Permanently Attached Needle (IB) TNT | 305946 | - | 489486 | 10160288 | 3102191 | 2747475 | - | - | - | - | - |
| BD™ Allergy Syringe with 28 G x 1/2 in. Regular Bevel; 1 mL | 305500 | 08290-3055-00 | 281642 | 10020214 | 1052117 | 3698032 | 169938 | 252072 | - | 27-6352 | - |
| BD Veritor™ System | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD Veritor™ Plus Analyzer | 256066 | - | 747422 | 10187251 | 5531504 | 3934551 | - | - | - | 930834 | 194646 |
| BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B | 256045 | - | 493698 | 10160647 | 5383567 | 3491560 | - | 102202 | 395871 | 870600 | 184648 |
| BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of SARS-CoV-2 | 256082 | - | 711849 | 10244006 | 5670146 | 1578152 | - | - | 395863 | 930842 | 231856 |
| BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Group A Strep | 256040 | - | 494171 | 10160653 | 5358981 | 3491578 | - | 102236 | 395897 | 870618 | 194650 |
| BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of RSV | 256038 | - | 493705 | 10160687 | - | 3491586 | - | - | - | - | - |
| BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of SARS-CoV-2 & Flu A+B | 256088 | - | 741451 | 10259885 | 5731401 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

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